Audio is a huge part of life for Americans. While AM/FM radio dominates the audio landscape with mass reach and significant time spent, new content and distribution platforms represent audio innovations that are experiencing significant consumer adoption growth.

In the Westwood One 2019 Audioscape, we review two major innovations in the audio space: podcasting and smart speakers.

In this report, we will examine:

- The podcast consumer and listening trends
- The smart speaker consumer and user trends
- Podcast consumption among smart speaker users
- Marketer and agency sentiment for advertising in podcasts and smart speaker environments


## Research partners

## maru/matchbox

Advertiser Perceptions
Edison Research is the leading authority on consumer use and adoption of new audio technology. For the last 20 years, Edison's "Infinite Dial" study has tracked usage of streaming, podcasting, and new audio platforms. Each quarter, Edison's "Share of Ear" study provides the definitive view of American time spent and usage of audio content. The data in this report is based on a Edison's Q2 2019 "Share of Ear" which represents Q3 2018, Q4 2018, Q1 2019 and Q2 2019. We also use data from Edison's "Infinite Dial" study.

MARU/MATCHBOX is a professional services firm of consultants with a deep heritage in both strategic insights consulting and technology. MARU/Matchbox brings a unique level of expertise in delivering Insight Communities, community management, and advanced research consulting services to its global client base.
GfK MRI provides marketers with the most reliable and comprehensive view of the consumer and media marketplaces available. They produce the country's largest and most current database of consumer behavior, media usage, and consumer motivations. The survey is an encyclopedic repository of consumer insights.

Advertiser Perceptions is the gold standard of advertiser and media agency sentiment. Advertiser Perceptions conducted a series of studies on podcast advertising consideration and intended use among brands and media agencies during September 2015, July 2016, May 2017, May 2018 and May 2019. They also conducted a smart speaker survey during January 2018 and March 2019.

## Podcasts

## Podcast listening is on the rise

\% persons 12+ who have listened to a podcast in the last month


## Podcasting sees steady growth among Gen Z, Millennials, and Gen X

\% of persons 12-24 listening to podcasts in last month $100 \%$ growth since 2014

\% of persons 25-54 listening to podcasts in last month $129 \%$ growth since 2014


## Podcast listeners are super fans of audio



## Podcast consumers listen to podcasts the most

Share of audio time spent among podcast consumers


## Podcast listeners are music fans (YouTube/owned music) and use more audio platiforms

Daily reach among podcast listeners and total audio users

| Category | Podcast listeners | Total audio consumers |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AM/FM radio | $63 \%$ | $72 \%$ |
| Music videos on YouTube | $39 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
| Owned music | $33 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| SiriusXM | $23 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| Spotify | $17 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| Pandora | $16 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| Music channels on TV | $13 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Apple Music | $13 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| Amazon Music | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| Average \# of platforms used | 3.3 | 1.9 |

Podcast listeners use
$74 \%$
more audio platforms than the average audio consumer

How to read: Among podcast listeners, $63 \%$ also listen to AM/FM radio, $39 \%$ listen to music videos on YouTube.

Podcasting is growing the fastest among Millennial ethnic groups; women closing gender gap with faster growth

Daily reach among Millennial 18-34 demographics
■ Q2 $2018 \quad$ ■ Q2 2019


## Podcast listeners are heavy consumers of spoken word content, especially news and personalities

\% of who listen to any audio content
$■$ Total audio consumers $\quad$ Podcast listeners


Music


How to read: $46 \%$ of podcast consumers listen to news audio content from any source on a typical day.

## Among falk and personality listeners, share of time spent with podcasting grows

Podcast share of audio time spent with talk/personality content


How to read: Of all the time Americans 18+ spend listening to talk/personality content, podcasting share has grown from 25.3\% in Q2 2018 to $29.8 \%$ in Q2 2019.

## The podcast audience is significantly younger than other media; but the audience is aging



Podcast
median age: $\mathbf{3 4}$

AM/FM radio
median age:

ABC/NBC/CBS $\mathbf{5 2}$
median age:
Median age of podcast listeners


## Podcast listeners are younger, employed, and affluent



## Categories with high purchase propensity among podcast audience

| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Tablets \& E-readers apps | 171 |
| Audio equipment \& accessories | 167 |
| Quick service copy/printing | 166 |
| Headphones | 165 |
| Camping equipment | 164 |
| Cameras/camcorders | 159 |
| Cell/mobile phone "apps" | 157 |
| Fine dining restaurants | 154 |
| Sports clothing | 153 |
| Domestic vacations | 151 |


| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Video game hardware | 149 |
| Dry cleaning | 149 |
| Luggage | 149 |
| Foreign vacations | 145 |
| Contact lenses | 145 |
| Flowers by phone/Internet | 144 |
| Internet \& catalog shopping | 142 |
| Sport/recreation equipment | 141 |
| Video games | 141 |
| Personal computers at home | 138 |


| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Men's clothing: low ticket | 138 |
| Men's clothing: big ticket | 138 |
| Athletic shoes | 134 |
| Nonprescription sunglasses | 134 |
| Watches | 133 |
| Personal computers at home: <br> software | 132 |
| Household furnishings: low ticket <br> items | 132 |
| Barbershop | 130 |
| Home improvements | 128 |
| Shoes | 127 |

How to read: Podcast listeners are $71 \%$ more likely than the average population to purchase tablets \& E-readers apps.

## Categories with high purchase propensity among podcast audience (continued)

| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clothing Expenditures | 126 |
| Cellular/mobile <br> phones/smartphones | 123 |
| Any climate control appliance | 121 |
| Fine jewelry | 120 |
| Baby furniture \& equipment | 120 |
| Household furnishings: big ticket <br> items | 120 |
| Children's toys \& games | 119 |
| Total health \& beauty aids <br> expenditures: for men | 117 |
| Women's clothing: low ticket | 116 |
| Children's shoes | 115 |


| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Home remodeling | 115 |
| Family restaurants \& steak houses | 114 |
| Property \& garden maintenance | 114 |
| Costume jewelry | 113 |
| Women's clothing: big ticket | 112 |
| Gasoline | 112 |
| Fast food \& drive-in restaurants | 112 |
| Children's clothing | 111 |
| Beauty parlor | 111 |
| Laundry/laundromats | 111 |


| Category | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total health \& beauty aids <br> expenditures: for women | 111 |
| Cologne for men | 110 |
| Personal appliances | 110 |
| Food stores (household) | 110 |
| Tires | 109 |
| Bedding \& Bath Goods | 109 |
| Food stores (personal) | 108 |
| Table settings | 106 |
| Paint/stain | 104 |
| Gift cards \& prepaid cards | 103 |

How to read: Podcast listeners are $20 \%$ more likely than the average population to purchase fine jewelry.

## Most podcast listening occurs at home and throughout the day

Where:
\% of time spent listening to podcasts by location

| When: <br> \% of time spent listening to podcasts by time of day |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10am-3pm |  | 32\% |
| 7pm-midnight | 21\% |  |
| 6am-10am | 21\% |  |
| 3pm-7pm | 20\% |  |
| Midnight-6am |  |  |

[^0]
## Podcast advertising generates strong results due to extraordinary levels of consumer concentration

\% reporting high levels of concentration
( 4 or 5 on a scale of 1 to 5 where $1=$ not concentrating a lot and $5=$ concentrating a lot)


## High CPMs warranted: Podcasts generate very high levels of engagement value

\% reporting high levels of engagement value
( 4 or 5 on a scale of 1 to 5 where $1=$ little value and $5=$ significant value)

| Check news | 79\% |
| :--- | :---: |
| Check weather | $79 \%$ |
| Listen to podcasts | $\mathbf{7 6 \%}$ |
| Listen fo music | $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ |

Watch short videos 60\%

Podcast engagement is $\mathbf{2 X}$ social media

## Podcasts: the only media content where learning and entertainment coexisł

## Top need states by content

| Listen to podcasts | Learn, be entertained |
| :--- | :--- |
| Check news | Get information, learn |
| Check weather | Get information, learn |
| Watch short videos | Be entertained, pass the time |
| Watch shows/episodes | Be entertained, pass the time |
| Listen to music | Be entertained, pass the time |
| Check social media | Connect with others, be entertained |
| Post on social media | Connect with others, express myself |

## Podcasting overdelivers top ten markełs

\% of adults 18+ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast on any device (past 30 days), by DMA markeł size

| DMA market size | \% of total U.S. <br> population | \% of total U.S. <br> podcast listeners | Index |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DMA markets 1-10 | $31 \%$ | $38 \%$ | 121 |
| DMA markets 11-25 | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ | 99 |
| DMA markets 26-50 | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ | 98 |
| DMA markets 51+ | $32 \%$ | $25 \%$ | 80 |

How to read: $38 \%$ of all U.S. adults 18+ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast in the past 30 days live in the
top 10 U.S. DMA markets. Residents of the top 10 DMA markets are $21 \%$ more likely to have watched, listened to, or
downloaded a podcast in the past 30 days.

## Podcasting is a way of life in the top 15 markets

## Ranked by DMA market size

| Index of adults 18+ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast on any device (past 30 days) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Top 15 DMA markets | Index |
| New York | 111 |
| Los Angeles | 121 |
| Chicago | 119 |
| Philadelphia | 107 |
| Dallas-Ft. Worth | 115 |
| Washington, DC | 146 |
| Houston | 121 |
| San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose | 145 |
| Boston | 135 |
| Atlanta | 114 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | 81 |
| Phoenix | 99 |
| Seattle-Tacoma | 136 |
| Detroit | 105 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 97 |

How to read: Compared to the general U.S. population, residents of the New York DMA are $11 \%$ more likely to have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast in the past 30 days.

## Coastal major markets and tech hubs over index for podcast listening

## Ranked by index

| Index of adults 18+ who have watched, listened to, or <br> downloaded a podcast on any device (past 30 days), <br> top 10 highest indexing markets |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| DMA market | Index |

Index of adults 18+ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast on any device (past 30 days), top 11-20 highest indexing markełs

| DMA market | Index |
| :--- | :---: |
| Los Angeles | 121 |
| Chicago | 119 |
| Dallas-Ft. Worth | 115 |
| Atlanta | 114 |
| New York | 111 |
| Raleigh-Durham | 110 |
| Bakersfield | 109 |
| Cincinnati | 109 |
| Philadelphia | 107 |
| Columbus, OH | 106 |

How to read: Compared to the general U.S. population, residents of the Austin DMA are $58 \%$ more likely to have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast in the past 30 days.

## Podcasting delivers desirable consumers

\% of adults $18+$ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast on any device (past 30 days), by qualitative category

| Socio-economic category | \% of total U.S. <br> population | $\%$ of total U.S. <br> podcast listeners | Index |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White collar occupation | $39 \%$ | $58 \%$ | 147 |
| Management, business, financial or <br> professional/related occupation | $27 \%$ | $43 \%$ | 160 |
| Household income $=\$ 75,000+$ | $39 \%$ | $53 \%$ | 136 |
| Household income $=\$ 100,000+$ | $25 \%$ | $36 \%$ | 144 |
| College graduate+ | $28 \%$ | $44 \%$ | 157 |
| Post graduate degree | $10 \%$ | $17 \%$ | 165 |

How to read: $39 \%$ of the total U.S. is employed in a white collar occupation, while $58 \%$ of all U.S. adults $18+$ who have watched, listened to, or downloaded a podcast in the past 30 days are employed in white collar occupations. Podcast listeners are $47 \%$ more likely to be employed in white collar occupations.

## Smart speakers

## So, what percentage of Americans have a smart speaker?

> Well it depends on who you ask...
> \% of Americans who own a smart speaker


## Smart speaker ownership has tripled in 2 years



## Among smart speaker owners, Amazon Alexa ownership is $3 x$ greater than the Google Home

Google Home and Alexa ownership shares total more than $100 \%$ as $6 \%$ of those with a smart speaker own both.

## Among smart speaker owners

$3 x$

## $80 \%$

## 26\%

Google Home
Amazon Alexa
How to read: Among smart speaker owners, $80 \%$ own an Amazon Alexa.

## Smart speaker owners have a broad age profile; $35-54$ is the top demo

|  | Owns a smart speaker | Total U.S. population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gen Z <br> $13-17$ | $11 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Millennials <br> $18-34$ | $29 \%$ | $26 \%$ |
| Gen X <br> $35-54$ | $38 \%$ | $32 \%$ |
| Boomers <br> $55+$ | $22 \%$ | $34 \%$ |

How to read: $29 \%$ of smart speaker owners are 18-34 Millennials. $26 \%$ of the total U.S. population falls in that age demographic. Compared to the total U.S. population, smart speaker owners are $38 \%$ more likely to be in the Gen Z (13-17) demo.

## Smart speaker owners skew male, educated, and affiluent

|  | Owns a <br> smart <br> speaker | Total U.S. <br> population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | $57 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| Female | $43 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| College <br> graduate/ <br> advance <br> degrees | $60 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| Household <br> income of <br> \$75K+ | $52 \%$ | $37 \%$ |

How to read: $60 \%$ of smart speaker owners have graduated college or obtained an advance degree compared to $46 \%$ of the total U.S. population.

## AM/FM radio use is strong among smart speaker owners

## Identical daily time spent (hours:minutes)

Daily time spent with AM/FM radio among smart speaker owners:

## 1:43

Daily time spent with
AM/FM radio among total 13+ U.S.
consumers:

## 1:43

## Nearly identical daily reach

AM/FM radio daily reach among smart speaker owners:

AM/FM radio daily reach among total 13+ U.S. consumers:

## AM/FM radio and Amazon Music lead in smart speaker audience share

Share of listening on the smart speaker device among persons 13+


How to read: Among persons 13+, 18\% of listening on the smart speaker in Q2 2019 is to AM/FM radio.

## Music stations: smart speaker usage peaks in mornings

## Cumulus Radio Station Group streaming average active sessions occurring via smart speakers, top 5 PPM music smart speaker stations

-Smart speaker - average active sessions, top 5 PPM music smart speaker stations, Monday-Friday


## Music stations: peak smarł speaker usage małches Nielsen on-air in home listening

Smart speaker average active sessions vs. on air in home audience by time of day


## Spoken word stations: smart speaker usage peaks in early afternoon

## Smart speaker average active sessions by time of day

—Smart speaker - average active sessions, top 5 spoken word smart speaker stations, Monday-Friday


## Spoken word stations: midday smart speaker surge complements Nielsen on-air in home listening

## Smart speaker average active sessions vs. on air in home audience by time of day

Smart speaker - average active sessions, top 5 spoken word smart speaker stations, Monday-Friday


## Smarł speakers overdeliver łop łen markełs

\% of adults 18+ who currently own a smart speaker by DMA market size

| DMA market size | \% of total U.S. population | \% of total U.S. <br> smart speaker owners | Index |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DMA markets 1-10 | $31 \%$ | $37 \%$ | 120 |
| DMA markets 11-25 | $20 \%$ | $21 \%$ | 108 |
| DMA markets 26-50 | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ | 103 |
| DMA markets 51+ | $32 \%$ | $23 \%$ | 73 |

How to read: $37 \%$ of all U.S. adults $18+$ who currently own a smart speaker live in the top 10 U.S. DMA markets compared to $31 \%$ for the total U.S. Residents of the top 10 DMA markets are $20 \%$ more likely to own a smart speaker.

## Smart speakers are more likely to be found in homes in the top 15 DMA markets

Index, adults 18+ who currently own a smart speaker by DMA market size

| DMA rank | Top 15 DMA markets | Index |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | New York | 121 |
| 2 | Los Angeles | 106 |
| 3 | Chicago | 108 |
| 4 | Philadelphia | 113 |
| 5 | Dallas-Ft. Worth | 107 |
| 6 | Washington, DC | 151 |
| 7 | Houston | 138 |
| 8 | San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose | 133 |
| 9 | Boston | 123 |
| 10 | Atlanta | 122 |
| 11 | Tampa-St. Petersburg | 108 |
| 12 | Phoenix | 106 |
| 13 | Seattle-Tacoma | 142 |
| 14 | Detroit | 103 |
| 15 | Minneapolis-St. Paul | 102 |

How to read: Compared to the general U.S. population, residents of the New York DMA are $21 \%$ more likely to own a smart speaker.

## Smart speaker ownership profile is upscale and educated

\% of adults $18+$ who currently own a smart speaker by qualitative category

| Category | \% of total U.S. <br> population | \% of total U.S. smart <br> speaker owners | Index |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White collar occupation | $39 \%$ | $56 \%$ | 144 |
| Management, business, financial OR <br> professional/related occupation | $27 \%$ | $41 \%$ | 155 |
| Household income $=\$ 75,000+$ | $39 \%$ | $62 \%$ | 160 |
| Household income $=\$ 100,000+$ | $25 \%$ | $45 \%$ | 182 |
| College graduate+ | $28 \%$ | $41 \%$ | 147 |
| Post graduate degree | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | 155 |

How to read: $39 \%$ of the total U.S. is employed in a white collar occupation, while $56 \%$ of all U.S. adults $18+$ who own a smart speaker are employed in white collar occupations. Smart speaker owners are $44 \%$ more likely to be employed in white collar occupations.

## Smart speaker use among podcast listeners

## Podcast listeners are more likely to be smart speaker owners

\% of persons who own a smart speaker


How to read: $40 \%$ of podcast listeners own a smart speaker.

## Smart speaker owners spend more time with digital audio, especially Amazon Music

Share of audio time spent among total U.S. and smart speaker owners

| Category | Total U.S | Smart speaker owners | Smart speaker <br> advantage |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spotify | $6.0 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| Pandora | $5.0 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| Podcasts | $3.8 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $+26 \%$ |
| Amazon Music | $1.3 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $+131 \%$ |
| Apple Music | $1.1 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $+45 \%$ |

How to read: Among smart speaker owners, $3.0 \%$ of their audio time spent is with Amazon Music, $131 \%$ more than the average American.

## More marketers and agencies have discussed podcasts, spending consideration plateaus

$\sharp$ Advertiser Perceptions

Have you and your colleagues discussed podcast advertising for potential media investment?
\% yes

| September 2015 | 41\% |
| :---: | :---: |
| July 2016 | 58\% |
| May 2017 | 68\% |
| May 2018 | 70\% |
| May 2019 | 75\% |

\% "definitely would consider"
How likely are you to consider advertising in podcasts in the next 6 months?

| Sept. 2015 | 18\% |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 2016 | 28\% |  |
| May 2017 |  | 37\% |
| May 2018 |  | 43\% |
| May 2019 |  | 42\% |

## Markełer/agency use of podcast surges; spending intention cools

$\$$ Advertiser Perceptions

Do you currently advertise in podcasts?
\% yes

| September 2015 $15 \%$    <br> July 2016     <br> May 2017  $21 \%$   <br> May 2018   $29 \%$  <br> May 2019   $32 \%$  |  |  |  | $39 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

\% "definitely will advertise"


## Podcast funding continues to be primarily sourced from general digital budgets

Q. You noted that you will be spending on podcasts in the next 6 months, where will the budget be coming from?

■ June 2018 ■ December 2018

$\$$ Advertiser Perceptions

## Since lasł year, markełers and agencies using smarł speaker applications increased twofold

Q: Which of the following describes your utilization of voice-activated marketing opportunities/smartspeaker skills (e.g. Amazon Alexa, Google Home) for your [brands/clients]?

■ January $2018 \quad$ March 2019


## Among those not using voice-activated opportunities, intention grew 69\% since January 2018

Q. How likely are you to consider voice-activated marketing opportunities and initiatives in the next 6 months? Q. How likely are you to actually use voice-activation marketing opportunities and initiatives in the next 6 months? Base: Not utilizing voice-activated opportunities

■ January 2018 March 2019

$\$$ Advertiser Perceptions

## Key fakeaways

- Podcast listening and smart speaker usage is on the rise and shows no signs of slowing down.
- Podcast listening is driven by Millennials and Generation Z, while smart speaker ownership reflects a broader demographic.
- Podcast listeners are a desirable group for advertisers.
- Smart speaker owners are likely to be podcast listeners, spending more time with the medium than the average consumer.
- Smart speaker users spend more time with audio than the average American.
- Podcast advertising is surging, while marketer/agency spending consideration and intention stabilize.


2019
Thank You

##  <br> Westwood One

-EVERYONE'S LISTENING*

## Appendix

## Podcasting resonates across political party lines

Daily reach: Podcast listener reach is similar by party affiliation


How to read: $11 \%$ of Independents listen to podcasts in a typical day. Among Independents, podcasting generates a $5 \%$ share of total audio time spent.

## Podcasting reaches 1 out of 6 voters every month

| Among persons 18+ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Monthly podcast reach |  |
| Registered voters | $17 \%$ |
| Democrat | $18 \%$ |
| Independents | $17 \%$ |
| Republican | $12 \%$ |
| Always vote in presidential election | $18 \%$ |
| Always vote in statewide election | $18 \%$ |
| Always vote in local election | $16 \%$ |

How to read: $17 \%$ of registered voters watched/listened/downloaded podcasts in the last 30 days on any device.


[^0]:    How to read: $62 \%$ of all time spent with podcasts occurs at home; $16 \%$ in the car. $32 \%$ of all time spent with podcasts occurs during 10am-3pm.

